PUBLISHED BY AUTHORIT

नर्ष दिस्खी, शनिवार, सितम्बर 12, 1998 (भाद्रपद 21, 1920)

No. 37] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1998 (BHADRAPADA 21, 1920)

इस माग में मिन्न पुष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके [Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation]

माग III—खण्ड 2 **IPART III—SECTION 21**

पेटेन्ट कार्यालय द्वारा जारी की गई पेटेन्टों और दिजाइमों से सम्धन्धित अधिसूचनाएं और मोटिस [Notifications and Notices Issued by the Patent Office relating to Patents and Designs]

THE PATENT OFFICE

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CALCUTTA, 12-09-1998

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पेट द कार्यालय

एकस्य तथा अभिकल्प

कलंकना, चिनांक 12 मितम्बर 1998

पेटोट कार्याल्य के कार्यालयों के पत्ते एवं क्षेत्राधिकार

पैटीट कार्यालय का प्रधान कार्यालय कलकता में अवस्थित हैं तथा सुम्बर्ड, दिल्ली एवं चेलाई में इसके शासा कार्यालय हैं. जिनके प्रावाधिक क्षेत्रिकिकार और के आधार पर निमा रूप में प्रवित्ति हैं:---

पैटॉट कार्यालय बाखा, टोडी इस्टोट, तीसरा तल, लोजर परेल (प.), मुख्बई-400 013

गुजरात, महाराष्ट्र, मध्य प्रवेश तथा भीत्रा राज्य क्षेत्र एवं संख शासित क्षेत्र, दमन तथा तीव एवं वादर और नगर हवेली ।

तार पता-"पेटंटर्रिफस"

पैटेंट कार्यालय शाखा, एकक सं. 401 से 405, तीसरा तल, नगरपालिका शाजार भवन, उट्ट के मार्ग, करानि बाग, वर्ष दिल्ली-110 005

हरियाणा, हिमाचल प्रवेश, जम्मू तथा क्रुटमीर, पंजाब, राजस्थान, उत्तर प्रवेश तथा दिल्ली राज्य अंक एवं यह शासित क्षेत्र चंडीगढ ।

तार पता - "पेट टीफिस"

पेटन्ट कार्यास्य धावा, विंग सी (सी-4, ए) तीसरा तत, राजावि भवन वसन्त नगर, चेन्नड-600090 ।

आन्ध्रप्रदेश, कनिट्क, करेल, तिमलनाड़ तथा पाण्डिचेरी राज्य क्षेत्र एवं संघ शासित क्षेत्र, लक्षच्यीप, मिनिकाय तथा एमिनिदिवि द्यीप ।

तार पता-''पटटिंगिफर्स''

पेटंट कार्यालय (प्रभाग कार्यालय)
निजाम पैलेस, विवतीय बहुतलीय कार्यालय
भवन, 5, 6 तथा 7वां तल,
234/4, जानार्य जगवीश बोस भाग,
कलकता-700 020

भारत का अवशेष क्षेत्र ।

तार् पंता - "पेट इस"

पेटेंट अधिनियम, 1970 या पेटेंट नियम, 1972 में अपेक्षित सभी आयेदन-पत्र सूचनाएं, विवरण या अन्य प्रलेख पेटेंट कार्यालय के केवल उपयुक्त कार्यालय में ही प्राप्त किए जार्यन ।

शुस्क : शुस्कों की अवायगी या ता नकद की आएगी अथवा उपयुक्त कार्यालय में नियंत्रक को भुगतान योग्य धनावेश आथवा डाक आवेश या जहां उपयुक्त कार्यालय अवस्थित है, उस स्थान के अनुसूचित बैंक से नियंत्रक को भुगतान योग्य बैंक ड्राफ्ट अथवा चैंक द्वारा की जा सकती है ।

CORRIGENDUM

In the Gazette of India Part-III, Sec.-2 dated the 4th April, 1998, Page—476, Col.—1 for application for Patent No. 363/Bom/94 (180947) filed on 8th August, 1994 read Applicant as VINOO KUMAR instead of VINOD KUMAR.

APPLICATION FOR THE PATENT FILED AT THE HEAD OFFICE 234, ACHARYA JAGADISH BOSE ROAD, CALCUTTA-20,

The dated shown in the crecent bracked are the dated claimed under section 135, under Patent Act, 1970.

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1256/Cal/98, DR. SUBID RAY, "Method for preparing a medicinal substance from banana".

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- 1322/Cal/98. Shekaripuram Narayanaswamy Ramachandran 2. Ayyappankav Ganesan Raghunath; 3. Mariappan Anbarasan, "An apparatus and method for determination of mass variation of a longitudinal material and tracing the origin of defects and grading against established standards".

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- 1324/Cal/98. Debabrata Mondal, Indrajit Mondal & Asish Mondal, "Battery operated tri-colour torch".
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- 1334/Cal/98. Medtronic Inc., "Temporary luminal arteriotomy seal and method of connecting two blood vessels using said seal".
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PART III-SEC. 21

- 1339/Cal/98. Siemens Aktiengesellschaft, "Equipment for secure drawing up of electronic signatures".

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- 1340/Cal/98. W. Schlafhorst AG & Co., "Winding drum drive of a cheese-producing textile machine". (Convention No. P19735581.1 on 16-8-97 in Germany).
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The 1st December 1997

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- 2765/Mas/97. An Products and Chemicals Inc. Use of aluminium phosphate as the dehydration catalyst in single step dimethyl ether process. (December 3, 1996; U.S.A.).
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4th December 1997

- 2771/Mas/97, Jakka Surya Prakash. Convoyer track.
- 2772/Mas/97. Dr. Reddy's Research Foundation. Novel bydroxy piperidine derivatives as anthistamine agents: process for their preparation & pharmaceutical compositions containing them.
- 2773/Mas/97, Uday S. Tandi. Sharp cut-off filter.
- 2774/Mas/97. British Telecommunications Public Limited Company. Call set-up process. (December 4, 1996; United Kingdom).
- 2775/Mas/97. Union Carbide Chemicals & Plastics Technology Corporation, Gas phase anionic polymerization of dienes and vinyl-substituted aromatic compounds. (August 19, 1996; U.S.A.).
- 2776/Mas/97. The Dow Chemical Company. Process for preparing calcium carbonate which contains low concentrations of non-calcium metals. (December 4, 1996: U.S.A.).
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5th December, 1997

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Bandwidth allocation method and apparatus.

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ALTERATION OF DATE UNDER SECTION -16

Patent No. 181758 (730/Mas/95) Ante-dated to 13th September, 1991.

Patent No. 181760 (365/Mas/97) Ante-dated to [7th July, 1995.

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION ACCEPTED

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स्वीकृत सम्पूर्ण विभिद्येश

एत्य्व्यारा यह सूचना दी जाती ही कि सम्बद्ध आवंदनों में से किसी पर पेटोट अनुवान के विरोध करने के इच्छ्रक कोई ध्यिवस, इसके निर्गम की तिथि से चार (4) महीने या अफ्रिम एमी अविध जो उक्त 4 महीने की अवधि की समाप्ति के पूर्व पेटोट नियम, 1972 के सहत विहित प्रपण 14 पर आयं वित एक महीने की अवधि से अधिक न हो, के भीतर कभी भी नियंत्रक, एकस्व को उपयुक्त कार्यालय में एसे विरोध की सूचना विहित प्रपण 15 पर दो सकते हैं। विरोध संबंधी लिखित बवतव्य उक्त सूचना के साथ अधवा पेटोट नियम, 1972 के नियम 36 में यथा विहित इसकी तिथि के एक महीने के भीतर ही फाइस किए जाने चाहिए।

"प्रत्येक विनिद्धांश के संदर्भ में नीचे दिए वर्गीकरण, भारतीय वर्गीकरण तथा जन्तर-राष्ट्रीय वर्गीकरण के अनुरूप हु³।"

रूपांकन (चित्र बारों से) की फोटा प्रतियों यदि कोई हो, के साथ विनिव्देशों का अंकित अथवा कोटा प्रतियों की आपृति पेट्रीट कीयां लय, कलकत्ता अथवा उपयुक्त कावा कार्यालय व्वारा विहित लिप्यान्तरण प्रभार जिसे उक्त कार्यालय से पृत्र व्यवहार द्वारा मृतिश्वित करने के उपरांत उस की ब्रह्मयंगी पर की जा सकती है। विनिद्देश की पृष्ठ संख्या के साथ प्रत्येक स्वीकृत विनिद्देश के सामने नीचे विणित चित्र आरोब कागजों को जोड़कर उसे 2 से गृणा करके, (क्योंकि प्रत्येक पृष्ठ का लिप्यान्तरण प्रभार 2/- रह. है) फोटा लिएपान्तरण प्रभार का परिकलन किया जा सकता है।

Ind. Cl. : 32 E GR. [IX(1)] 1 E GR. [XLII(1)] 181731

Int. Cl. : C 08 F-2/00, D 06 M-14/00, 108G-2/38.

A METHOD FOR PREPARING PACKAGING FILMS/SHEETS MADE OF POLYMERIC MATERIALS HAVING IMPROVED TENSILE STRENGTH AND ELONGATION AT BREAK AND FILM SHEET MADE THEREBY.

Aplicants: HINDUSTAN LEVER LIMITED HINDUSTAN LEVER HOUSE. 165/166, BACKBAY RECLAMATION, BOMBAY-400 020, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA.

Inventors :

- 1. VELAYUDHAN NAIR GOPA KUMAR
- 2. ANIL NARAYAN GANDHI
- 3. DWARKANATH DATTATRAYA KALE,

Application No.: 302/Bom/94 filed on 30-06-94 complete after provisional left on 26-07-95.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Branch, Mumbai-13.

13 Claims

A method for preparing packaging films/sheets made of polymeric materials having improved tensile strength and elongation at break which comprises preparing a blend of a synthetic polymer and a modified natural polymer made of starch which is grafted with hydrophobic vinyl/ocrylic monomer and subjecting the blend to film/sheet forming operation in a conventional manner.

(Complete specification: 17 pages; Drawings: Nil)

Ina. Cl.; 170 D

181732 Ind.

Int, Cl. : C 11 D 9.709.

A PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A SOAP BAR.

Applicants: HINDUSTAN LEVER LTD., 165/166, BACK-BAY RECLAMATION, BOMBAY-400 020, MAHARASH-TRA, INDIA.

Inventors :

- 1. JOHN GTORGE CHAMBERS.
- 2. GEOFFREY IRLAM.

Application No. 309 Bom, 94 filed on July 1, 94.

U. K. Priority date July 5, 93.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972). Patent Office Branch, Mumbai-13.

10 Claims

A process for producing a soap bar comprising '--

- (a) 44 to 86.5% wt fatty acid soap;
- (b) 5 to 30% wt low solecular weight polyalkylene glgcol;
- (c) 2.5 to 20% wt C 6 to C 12 fatty acid; and
- (d) 6 to 20% wt water;

wherein said process comprising the steps of;

- (d); ti) mixing ingredients (a) to (d);
- (ii) drying the product of step (i); and
- (iii) milling, plodding and stamping the product of step (ii) into bugs,

wherein the ratio or polyethylene glycol to C₁₀ to C₁₂ fatty acid is maintained in the range of 1;3 to 3;1.

(Compl. Speen, 21 pages;

Drgns. Nil.)

Ind. C1.: 201 D Gr. [II(4)] 80 I, K Gr. [VI] 181733

Int.| Cl. : B 01 D 13/00.

À CONTINUOUS PROCESS FOR THE TREATMENT OF WASTE WATER TO PRODUCE A PURIFIED STREAM OF WATER.

Applicants: INDIAN PETROCHEMICALS CORPORA-TION LID., A GOVT. COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1956, OF P.O. PETROCHEMICALS, DISTRICT VADODARA 391 346, GULARAT, INDIA.

Inventors

- 1. RAJ KUMAR JAGADAMBALAL.
- 2. DESAI JITENDRA DHIRUBHAI.
- 3. BHARDWAJ ISHWAR SINGH

Application No. 348/Bom/94 filed on 1-8-94.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4. Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, Mumbai-13.

15 Claims

A continuous process for the treatment of waste water containing cyande and other impurities to produce a purified stream of water for use in acrylonitrile manufacture which comprises passing said waste water through a membrane such as herein described at a temperature in the range of 20 to 80°C to produce a highly reduced reject stream containing impurities and the desired purified stream of water.

(Compl. Specn. 14 pages:

Drgs Nil)

Ind. Cl.: 170 B [XLIII(4)]

181734

Int. Cl. : 11 D 7/14,

GRANULAR DETERGENT COMPOSITIONS CONTAINING ZEOLITE AND PROCESS FOR THEIR PREPARATION.

Applicants: HINDUSTAN LEVER LTD., 165/166, BACK-BAY RECLAMATION, BOMBAY-400 020, MAHARASH-TRA, INDIA.

Inventors:

- 1. ANDREW PAUL CHAPPLE
- 2. PETER CORY KNIGHT
- 3. CHRISTOPHE JOYEUX
- 4. CORNELIS ELISABETH JOHANNES VAN LARE.

Application No. 380/Bom/94 filed on August 9, 94,

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, Mumbai-13.

20 Claims

Synergistic bleaching granular detergent composition, comprising:

5-40% wt organic detergent active compounds selected from soap and non-soap anionic, cationic, nonionic, amphoteric r zwitterionic detergent active compounds and mixtures thereof.

10-80% wt of predried zeolite,

5-30% wt of a peroxygen bleach compound.

wherein the relative humidity of air at one atmosphere at 20°C in equilibrium with the composition does not exceed 0% and said zeolite having a moisture content (removable at 800°C) not exceeding 15% wt being mixed and granulated with the organic detergent active compound,

(Compl. Specn. 34 pages:

Drgns, Nil)

Ind. Cl.: 189 Gr. [LXVI (9)]

181735

Int. Cl. . A 61 K-7/42.

A PROCESS FOR PREPARING A HYDROXY SALT.

Applicants: HINDUSTAN LEVER LIMITED, A COM-PANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPA-NIES ACT, 1913 OF HINDUSTAN LEVER HOUSE, 165' 166 BACKBAY RECLAMATION, MUMBAI-400 020, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA.

Inventors:

- 1. KEVIN RONALD FRANKLIN
- 2. CHARLES CRAIG NUNN.

Patent Application No. 388/Bom/94 filed on 11-8-94. G. B. Priority dated 13-8-93.

Appropriate Office for Opeosition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972). Patent Office Branch, Mumbai-13.

7 Claims

1. A process for preparing a hydroxy salt of formula:

$$\int M(OH)_{(2-1)} = \frac{a+x^{D-a/b}}{a+b} = zH_2C$$

wherein

M is a divalent metal chosen from Zn. Cu or a combination of both, and X represents anions, at least some of which display ultraviclet absorption over at least a portion of the wavelength range from 290 to 400 panometers,

$$\left[-M(OH) \frac{1}{(2-A)} \right]^{-A+} = (NO_3 -)_{H} = 2H_2O$$

by treating a suspension of an oxide of metal M with a nitrate of metal M, preferably at an elevated temperature, followed - by filtering off the resultant solid; and

(ii) suspending the hydroxy salt obtained in step (i) in an aqueous solution of the amons X, preferably at elevated temperature, so that ion exchange occurs to introduce the anions X into the hydroxy salt in place of the $(NO_0 >)$ ions, and filtering off the resultant solid

(Compl. Specn. 22 pages;

Drgs. Nil.)

Ind. Cl.: 129 G, J Gr. [XXX(V)]

181736

Int. Cl. : B 23 K-20/00, B 65 II-21/00.

IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO PROCESS OF BONDING PREFORMED ALUMINIUM AND OR OTHER METAL SHEETS AS ROLL BOND PANNELS.

Applicants & Inventors: 1. SUMADHUR PANDURANG ABHYANKAR, 39/55, ERANDAWANA, PUNE-411 004, MAHARASHTRA, STATE INDIA

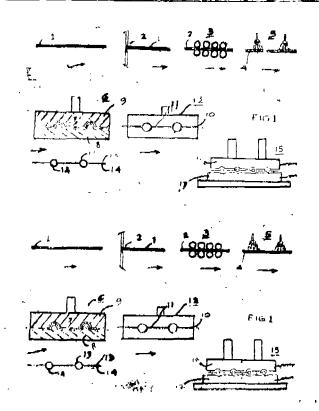
2. SAMEER ARUJ JOSHI, 21 AMAR SOCIETY, 44/2, ERANDAWANE PUNE-411 004, MAHARASHTRA STATE, INDIA. BOTH JNDIAN NATIONALS.

Application No. 399/Bom/94 filed on 19-8-94.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972). Patent Office Branch, Mumbai-13.

2 Claims

Improvements in or relating to process of bonding prefermed aluminium and or any other metal sheets as rull bond pannels comprising formation of ducts by pressing the first cut to size metal sheet with the help of suitable die-punch such that the ducts shall be formed having a cross section of desired configuration and layout; the second sheet also will be similarly formed as a mirror image of the fast sheet with the same or different configuration of the half cross section, there shall be applied glue or adhesive material on surfaces to come in contact and to be bonded; now both the sheets with glued surface facing each other are brought together to accomplish perfect bonding by suitably pressing them in two thick planks or sheets having correspondingly configured grooves to accommodate the cidges of the formed sheets such that the glued surfaces of the mefal sheets will adhere together to form firm bond leaving hollow passage in desired configuration.



(Compl. Specn. 6 pages;

Drng. 1 sheet.)

Ind. Cl.: 176D [XLV(4)]

181737

Int. Cl.: F 22 D, 1/24.

IMPROVED TUBELESS OIL FIRED BOILER.

Applicant & Inventor: NOZER KERMAN DESAI, 12A, CHANDIVALI INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, SAKI VIHAR ROAD, BOMBAY-400 072, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA.

Application No. 577/Bom/94 filed on Dec 1, 1994.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, Mumbal-13.

3 Claims

A Tubeless boiler comprising :-

- (a) a boiler shell made of pair of concentric vertical metallic tubes, surrounded by a double walled casing with air path netween said walls, and the said air path having two segment inter-connected at top of said casing and space between said casing and boiler shell forming fire passage, divided into two segments, connected at bottom by a separate passage such that said passage in one segment recieves flue gas and said passage in other segment connected to Chimney;
- (b) said boiler shell mounted on a fire box provided with oil burner receiving preheated air from said air path;
- (c) one or more number of down comer pipe from the bottom of a steam separator, placed at higher level, connected to the said boller shell at bottom;
- (d) one or more number of riser pipe from the top of the said steam seperator connected to the top of the said boiler shell; and
- (e) h blower provided to the said air path in one segment and out let of said air path in other segment connected to the oil burner.

(Compl. Specn. 7 pages;

Drngs. 2 sheets.)

Ind. Cl.: 126 D [LV III (6)]

181738

Int. Ci. : C 0/B, 25/36.

A PROCESS OF MAKING A DETECTOR STRIP FOR THE DETECTION OF PHOSPHINE GAS.

Applicants & Inventors: DR. KALLAI SHANMUGHAN AJAYKUMAR, DR. RAMAKRISHNA CHICKAYYA NAIK RAJNIKANT DEVIDAS SHROFR, OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY, UNITED PHOSPHOROUS LTD., 11, GIDC, VAPI-396195, GUJARAT, INDIA.

Application No. 583/Bom/94 filed on 7-12-94.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, Mumbai-13.

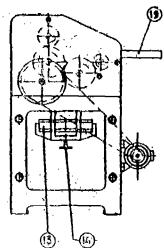
3 Claims

A process of making a detector strip for the detection of poisonous phosphine gas comprising inpregnating a strip of paper in a mixture of methanolic solution of mercuric chloride, dimethyl yellow, thyrhol blue, sodium or potassium hydroxide, and alkaline earth chloride in a proportion of 2:1:1:05:2 characterised in that the pH is maintained between 8 to 10 for 1 to 4 hours in the room temperature, dried under vaccum and cut to the desired length and the width.

(Compl. Specn. 5 pages;

Drngs, Nil.)

(f) A feed table provided on the said frame member above the said squeezing roller for feeding sheet ply between the gap formed by said glue application ruller.



(Compl. specn. 5 pages;

Diffrig. 3 sizects)

181740

Ind. Cl.: 145 D. Gr. [XXIV]

181739

Int. Cl. : B 31 F-1 28.

A SHEET PASTING MACHINE,

Applicant & Inventor: KALI PRASAD PODDAR AN IN-DIAN NATIONAL OF 13, ISHWAR BHAVAN, 'A' ROAD, CHURCHGATE, MUMBAI-400 020, MAHARASHTRA, INDIA.

Patent Application No. 5/Bom/95 filed on 2-1-95.

Appropriate Office or Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, Mumbai-13.

4 Claims

A sheet pasting machine for sheet ply rusting to make corrugated Board comprises:—

- (a) A bettom glue application roller & a top pressure roller supported at a distance & Parallel to each other in a frame member with bearings housed in a bearing housing & Rotatably coupled by a gear means;
- (b) A glue lifting roller immersed in a vertically moveable glue tank parallel & adjacent to said glue application roller supported in the said frame member with bearing housed in bearing housing & rotatably coupled to said glue application roller through an idle gear means.
- (c) A glue squeezing roller parallel & adjacent to said glue lifting roller supported in the said frame member with bearings housed in bearing housing & coupled to said glue lifting rollers by a gear means.
- (d) A pulley means driven by prime mover/electric motor coupled to said glue application rollers by gear means.
- (e) An individual hand wheel control means provided to said pressure roller, slue lifting roller & elue squeezing roller for sliding the respective roller to vary the clearance as per requirement; and

Ind. Cl.: 55D-1 [XIX(1)]

Int. Cl.: A 01 N-3/00, 15/00.

A PROCESS TO MAKE A COMPOSITION FOR PRE-VENTING POST HARVEST DETERIORATION OF SUGARCANE.

Applicant & Inventor : VISHNUKUMAR MAHADEO KULKARNI N-22, INDRANAGARI, DAHANUKAR COLONY, PUNE-411 029, MAHARASHTRA STATE, INDIA.

Application No. 101/Bom/95 filed on 7-3-95.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, Mumbai-13.

1 Claim

A process to make a composition for preventing post harvest deterioration o sugarcane consisting of taking initially 25 to 30 parts of water which is mildly heated if necessary with continuous stirring arrangements to which following ingredients are added viz.

- (a) Indicator—0.05 to 2 plurts of hrillient blue or titanium yellow singly or in combination to impart a colour to the final preparation;
- (b) there is added 2 to 20 parts of Neem Oil (Azadarachta indica), Karanji oil, extuact of Turmerio (Curcuma Longa), Tulsi (Ocimum sanctum) singly or in combination as bacteriostatic film forming agent;
- (c) further there is added 2 to 25 parts of emulsifier such as Non-Ionic dispertant like NP 10 or ethoxylated compounds or Di-octylsufosuccinate;
- (d) to which there is further added 2 to 20 parts of bacterioc dal agents such as Quaternary ammonium compounds like Benzyl Alkonium Chloride, Dichlorophonate or the like;

entire mixture is stirred well and additional water is added to make a total of 100 parts of this composition.

(Compl. Specn. 4 pages;

Drgn. Nil.,

2-237 GI/98

Ind. Cl.: 61 H

181741

Int. Cl.: F 26 B 17/00.

AN'APPARATUS AND A PROCESS FOR PRODUCING DRY SPUN FIBRES BY DRYING AND HEAT, TREATING WET SPUN FIBERS.

Applicant: E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COM-PANY, OF WILMINGTON DELAWARE, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventor: TERRY SONG-HSING CHERN.

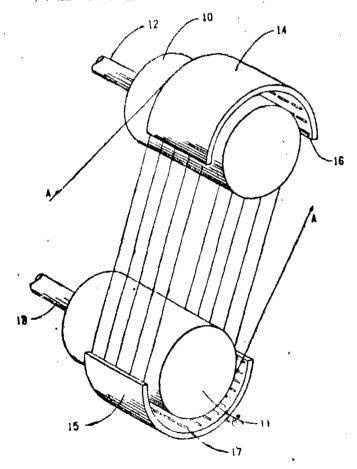
Application No. 219, Cal/1990 tiled on 16th March, 1990.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Putents Rules, 1972). Patent Office Calcutta.

11 Claims

An apparatus for producing dry spun fibers by simulfancously drying and heat treating wet spun fibers under tension comprising:—

- (a) at least one internally heated fiber carrying roll, said roll being rotatably driven;
- (b) gas jets positioned over the roll;
- (c) a jet support positioned over the gas jets; and
- (d) tension means.



(Compl. Specn. 17 pages;

Drgns. Nil)

Ind. Cl.: 128 A

181742

Int. Cl. : A 61 B 19/08.

MULTI-ELEMENT SURGICAL DRAPE,

Applicant: JOHNSON & JOHNSON MEDICAL, INC., OF 2500 ARBROOK BLVD. ARLINGTON, TX 76004-3030, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors

- 1. DAVID BUTTERWORTH,
- 2. SUSAN L. O'CONNEI L.

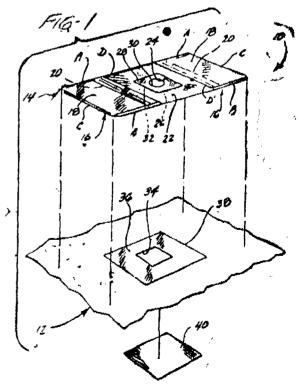
Application No. 285/Cal/94 filed on 20th April, 94.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Flatents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Calcutta.

7 Claims

A multi-element surgical drape, comprising :.

- (a) a bottom sheet for placement over a patient and comprising :-
 - (i) a bottom surface for contacting the patient,
 - (ii) a top surface for facing away from the patient after placement, and
 - (iii) a fenestration;
 - (b) a top sheet comprising :--
 - (i) a bottom surface facing the bottom sheet and a top surface facing away from the bottom sheet,
 - (ii) attachment means on the bottom surface that attach to the receptor means on the bottom sheet to removably secure the top sheet to the bottom sheet, and
 - (iii) he fenestration smaller than, and aligned with the fenestration in the bottom sheet; and
- (c) a pouch on the top surface of the top sheet, near the fenestration for collecting fluid runoff during surgery, the pouch comprising .—
 - a top edge and bottom edge joined by two opposing side edges, the side edges and bottom edge being sealed closed,
 - (ii) means for detachably sealing the top edge to permit opening the pouch to receive fluid and then closing the pouch to prevent leakage of the fluid.



(Compl. Speca. 16 pages;

Drgms. 10 sheets)

Cl. : 32 F_{17} + 40 F

181743

A PROCESS FOR OBTAINING ACETIC ACID FROM A WATER SOLUTION OF ACETIC ACID.

Applicant: GLITSCH, INC., OF 4900 SINGLETON BOULEVARD, DALLAS, TEXAS 75212, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors :

- 1. RONALD G. GUALY
- 2. JOSEPH C. GENTRY
- 3. WISTON LAMSHING.

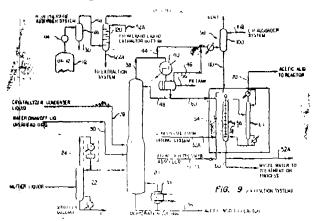
Application No. 405/Cal/1994 filed on 30th May, 1994.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Calcutta.

18 Claims

A method for obtaining acetic acid from a water solution of acetic acid comprising:

- a) feeding at least one input acetic acid—containing water stream from a plant utilizing water solution of acetic acid to a dehydration device and applying heat to said input stream received by said device to separate acetic acid from water in said device to thereby produce an output bottom stream of relatively concentrated acetic acid in water, and an output overhead stream of relatively dilute acetic in water;
- (b) condensing acetic meid and water from said output overhead stream to form an output overhead condensate;
- (c) feeding said output overhead condensate to a liquid extraction system and contacting it with a liquid extractant in a contactor of said extraction system to extract acetic acid from said condensate and thereby form a first contactor output stream containing acetic acid and extractant, and a second contactor output stream containing water; feeding said first contactor output stream to an extraction system separator device and sepanating the acetic acid and the extractant therein to produce an extractant output stream for recycle to said contactor and an acetic acid output stream.



(Compl. Specii. 30 plages;

Drans 8 sheets.)

Cl.: 187 H

181744

Int, Cl.: H 04 Q 9/00

MULTI-MASTER SUPERVISORY SYSTEM.

Applicant: HARRIS CORPORATION, OF 1025 NASA BLVD, MELBOURNE, FLORIDA 32919, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventor: MEHRALI PARKHIOLEH.

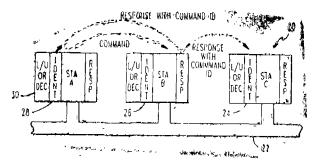
Application No. 442/Cal/1994 filed on 13th June, 1994.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

6 Claims

A multi-master supervisory system for a communications network with a plurality of master stations 20 (24, 26, 28) communicating data video or telephone signals through a communication medium 22, characterized in that, the plurality of said master stations capable of operation at the same time so as to control aplurality of other said stations and also slave stations by sending command thereto, each of said stations comprising:

- a response means (RESP at 24, 26, 28) for sending a signal through said communication medium in response to a command associated with the monitor means (24', 26', 28'), received from any of said master stations;
- a signal identifying means (IDENT at 24, 26, 28)
 identifying the command received; and
- said identifying means at each of said master stations for receiving said signal and identifying the command in the signal so that each of said master stations is aware of commands sent by every other one of said master stations.



(Compl. Specn. 9 Pages;

Drgns. 2 Sheets)

181745

Cl.: 90 I

Int. Cl.; C 03 C 8/20

A PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A ZIRCONIA BASED OPACIFIER.

Applicant: TECHNOLOGICAL RESOURCES PTY I TD., OF 55 COLLINS STREET, MELBOURNE, VICTORIA 3000, AUSTRALIA.

Inventors:

- 1. MATTHEW JON LIDDY
- 2. ROSS ALEXANDER MCCLELLAND
- 3. MICHAEL JOHN HOLLITT.

Application No. 515/Cal/1994 filed on 30th June, 1994. (Convention No. PL 9706 on 30-6-93 in Australia).

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

12 Claims

A process for producing a zirconia-based opacified which process comprises the steps of :

(a) heating a zirconia-based material, such as herein described, in the presence of an additive selected from the group consisting of silica, a metal oxide which exhibits a preference for forming compounds with silica rather than zirconia, a metal compound which decomposes to form a said metal oxide and mixtures thereof, to form a heat modified product comprising a zirconia phase and a phase comprising a compound of the metal, the additive and zirconia-based material being present in a weight ratio of less than about 1:1, and

- (b) cooling the heat modified product to form a material comprising said zirconia ghase exhibiting opacifying characteristics when incorporated into a glaze and the glaze is fired; and optionally,
- (c) said cooled, heat modified product being subjected to acid leaching to remove impurities and to decompose phases other than the zirconia phase to form a further zirconia phase and enhance opacifying effects.

(Compl. Specn. 20 Pages;

Drgna. Nil)

C1 : 85 K

181746

Int. Cl.; B 01 J 4/00, 8/38.

GRAVIMETRIC FEEDING DEVICE FOR SUPPLYING FUEL AND SORBENT TO A CIRCULATING FLUIDIZED BED SOILER.

Applicant: COMBUSTION ENGINEERING INC., 1000 PROSPECT HILL ROAD, WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT 06095, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventor : GARY ALLEN COTE.

Application No.: 547/Cal/1994 filed on 11th July, 1994.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

4 Claims

A gravimetric feeding device for supplying fuel and sorbent to a circulating fluidized bed boiler which comprises:

- a loop shaped continuous belt feeder (40) for moving materials in a generally horizontal direction;
- first and second belt scales (42,..44) disposed at spaced axial points along said belt;
- means (16) for continuously moving belt sequentially past said first belt scale and then past said second belt scale and then dumping all materials from said belt;
- means (46) for depositing fuel in said continuous belt before said first belt scale whereby the tuel will continue past said first belt scale and said second belt scale and will then be dumped off said belt:
- means (48) for depositing sorbent material on said continuous belt intermediate said first and second belt scales so that first belt scale measures the quantity of fuel added to said continuous belt and said second belt scale measures the weight of both said fuel and said sorbent added to said belt;
- means (52) for determining the time required for fuel on said belt to move from the location of said first belt scale to said second belt scale and means (50) for comparing the weight at said first belt scale, after the lapse of the time required for fuel to pass from said first belt scale to said second belt scale to the instantaneous weight of fuel and sorbent at said second belt scale.

(Compt. specn, : 9 pages

Drgns. : Nil)

CL : 145 E 123

181747

Int. Cl. : D 21 D 5/02.

DEVICE AND METHOD FOR PRODUCING WASHED CELLULOSE PULP FIBERS.

Applicant: BELOIT TECHNOLOGIES INC., OF 300 DELAWARE AVENUE, SUITE 512 WILMINGTON, DELAWARE 19801, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Inventors: LUIGI SILVERI
WILLIAM ANTHONY GERO
GODA RANGAMANNAR.

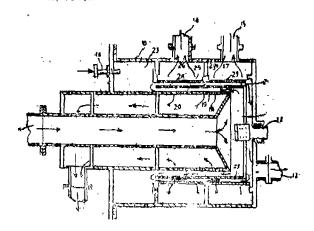
Application No.: 555/Cal/1994 filed on 13th July, 1994.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Calcutta.

21 Claims

A device for producing washed cellulose pulp fibers comprising in combination;

- a hollow body defining axially extending pressurizable compartments for receiving a slurry flow of pulp-fibers in a carrying liquid and provided with a slurry inlet and a slurry outlet;
- a first and a second stationary annular wash filter disposed coaxially within said body, providing barriers to the passage of pulp fibers from one side of each filter to an opposite side of each filter but allowing liquid to pass therethrough;
- said first annular wash filter being disposed radially inwardly and spaced from said second annular wash filter:
- channeling means within the body positioned to conduct the slurry axially past said one side of the first filter and thereafter in a reverse axial direction past said one side of said second after;
- means for generating pulses in said slurry on said one side of said filters so that liquid passes through the filters:
- means for creating axial velocity past said first and second wash filters;
- radial velocity generating means for dewatering the pulp stock travelling along said filters; and
- a wash liquid inlet leading into the body for mixing with the slurry and replacing liquid removed through the filters.



(Compl. specn. : 21 pages

Drgns. : 2 sheets)

Cl. : 32 D, 40 B

181748

Int. Cl. : C 08 F 110/02, 210/02, 4/64, 4/68, 4/78.

PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF ELASTO-MERIC COPOLYMERS OF ETHYLENE.

Applicant: MONTELL TECHNOLOGY COMPANY BV., OF HOEKSTEEN 66, 2132 HOOFDROP, THE NETHER-LANDS.

Inventors: MAURIZIO GALIMBERTI
EURICO ALBIZZATI.

Application No. 715/Cal/1994 filed on 7th September, 1994.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, patent rule 1972) Patent Office Calcutta.

6 Claims

A process for the preparation of an elastomeric copolymer of ethylene, comprising the slurry polymerization reaction of a mixture comprising ethylene, propylene and at least one alpha-olefin of formula (1):

$$CH_2 = CHR$$
 (1)

wherein R is an alkyl radical containing from 2 to 10 carbon atoms, in a reaction medium which consists essentially of liquid propylene and alpha-olefin together with the dissolved gaseous ethylene, at a temperature comprised between 0°C and 200°C, in the presence of a no-prepolymerized catalyst which is a contact product of:

(A) a metallocene compound of formula (II)

$$(C_5R^{\dagger}_{b^-m}) R^{b}_{m} (C_5R^{\dagger}_{b^-m}) MQ_2$$
 (II)

wherein

M is Ti, Zr, Hf or V;

- the $C_5R^1_{5^-m}$ groups, same or different, are cyclopentadienyl rings equally or differently substituted;
- R¹, same or different, are hydrogen atoms or alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, alkylaryl or arylalkyl radicals containing from 1 to 20 carbon atoms, which can also contain Si or ge atims, or Si (CH₃)₈ groups, or also two or four substituted R¹ of a same cyclopentadienyl group can form one or two rings having from 4 to 6 carbon atoms:
- R² is a group bridging the two cyclopentadienyl ringand is selected from CR³₂ C²R²₁, SiR³₂, Si₂ R³₁, Ge²₂, Ge₂, R³₄, R³₂SiCR³₂ NR¹ and PR³, wherein R³ same or different, are defined as R³ or two or four substituents R can form one or two rings having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms;
- Q same or different, are halogen atoms, hydrogen atoms, R^1 , OR^1 , SR^1 , NR^{1_2} or PR^3_{2} ;

m can be 0 or 1; and

(B) an alumoxane, or one or more compounds able to give a metallocene alkyl cation;

the said process being characterised in that the amount of alpha-olefin of formula (I) in the said mixture is at least 15% by weight.

Compl. specn. : 24 pages Drgns. : Nil.

Cl. : 55 E F

181749

Int. Cl. : A 01 N 57/10 C 07 B 63/00.

"A METHOD FOR PURIFYING O, S-DIMETHYL N-ACETYLPHOSPHORAMIDOTHIOATE".

Applicant: SUMITOMO CHEMICAL COMPANY, LIMITED, OF 5-33, KITAHAMA-4-CHOME, CHUO-KU, OSAKA, JAPAN.

Inventors: 1. YOJI SAKITO

- 2. MAMORU SHIRAHATA
- 3. YUJIRO KIYOSHIMA
- 4. KAZUYA MINAMI SAKA.

Application No.: 1083/Cal '95 filed on 11th September, 1995.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4 patent rule 1972) Patent Office Calcutts.

6 Claims

A method for purifying O, S-dimethyl N-acetylphosphoramidothioate, which comprises subjecting a crude crystal to recrystallization by using a two-phase solvent system comprising water and an organic solvent which is an aromatic hydrocarbon such as herein described, an aliphatic carboxylic acid ester such as herein described or an aliphatic ketone such as herrin described wherein the amount of water ranges 0.1 to 2 parts by weight and the amount of organic solvent ranges 1 to 20 parts by weight relative to 1 part by weight of crude O, S-dimethyl N-acetyl-phosphoramidothioate.

Compl. speen : 24 pages

Drgns. : Nil.

Cl.; 83 A 1

181750

Int. Cl.: A 23 G 9/00.

"A METHOD FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF DEFORMABLE ICE CONFECTION".

Applicant: HINDUSTAN LEVER LIMITED, OF 165/166 BACKBAY RECLAMATION, MUMBAI-400 020.

Inventor: RODNEY DAVID BEE.

Application No.: 807/Cul/96 filed on 2nd May, 1996.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, patent rule 1972) Patent Office Calcutta.

5 Claims

A method for the manufacture of a deformable ice confection comprising admixing

- (i) a plurality of water we particles having oblate elipsoidar forms; and
- (ii) a deformable medium; and

storing the resulting products at a temperature in the range from about 0°C to about 20°C.

wherein the elipsoidal water ice particles form at least 5% of the volume of the total confection.

Compl. specn. : 10 pages

Drgns.: Nil

Ina. C4.: 09-A, 09-C.
Int. C1.: H 01 H 85/00.

181751

AN OUTDOOR GAS (SF 6) FILLED PORCELAIN CLAD CIRCUIT BREAKER.

Applicant: S & S POWER SWITCHGEAR LIMITED, PORUR, MADRAS-600116, TAMIL NADU, INDIA, A COMPANY DULY ORGANISED AND EXISTING UNDER THE LAWS OF THE UNION OF INDIA.

Inventor: KARUR SRINIVASAN MADHAVAN.

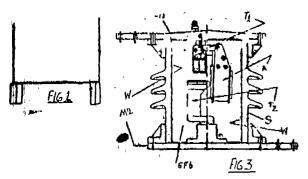
Application No.: 764/Mas/92 filed on 23rd December, 1992.

Appropriate office for opposition proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules 1972), Patent Office, Chennai Branch.

Claims

An outdoor gas (SF6) filled porcelain clad circuit breaker comprising at least one sealed, gas-tight, porcelain shell which is provided at its top and bottom with first and second metal covers, said shell containing pressurised SF6 gas and accommodating fixed and movable contacts pertaining to a single electric phase, said contacts being electrically connected, respectively, to the first and second metal covers; an

arc coil for creating a rotating arc, the said shell and covers having a withstand pressure strongth above the operating gas pressure, whereby the gas pressure is taken up entirely and safely by the wall and covers of the said shell.



(Com. : 9 Pages -: Drawg. 1 sheet)

Ind. Cl. : 32-B

181752

Int. Cl. : C 10 G 45/32.

A CONTINUOUS PROCESS FOR THE SELECTIVE HYDROGENATION OF DIOLEFIN CHARGE TO OBTAIN MONOOLEFINS HAVING A DESIRED QUALITY.

Applicant: INSTITUT FRANCAIS DU PETROLE, A FRENCH BODY CORPORATE, OF 4, AVENUE DE BOIS PREAU 92502 RUEIL MALMAISON, FRANCE.

Inventors: (1) JEAN COSYNS,

- (2) PATRICK SARRAZIN,
- (3) JEAN-PAUL BOITIAUX.
- (4) CHARLES CAMERON,

Application No.: 159/Mas/93 dated March 3, 1993.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Chennai Branch.

5 Claims

A continuous process for the selective hydrogenation of dibletin charge to obtain monoolefins having a desired quality, the said process comprising the steps of :

- (a) distributing a catalyst having at least one Group VIII metal deposited on a carrier in a series of beds disposed in one or more reactors;
- (b) introducing the diolefin charge into the last bed of the said series;
- (d) recovering the monoolefins therefrom;
- (d) determining the quality of the monoolefins;
- (e) if monoolefins of desired quality is not obtained, progressively feeding the diolefin charge to the proceeding bed upstream of the last bed;
- (f) passing the effluent therefrom to the last bed of the said weries:
- (g) recovering the monoolefins therefrom;
- (h) determining the quality of the monoolefins;
- if monoolefins of desired quality is not obtained, feeding the diolefin charge to the preceeding bed upstream of the bed to which the diolefin charge was fed in the previous feeding step;
- (i) allowing the effluent to pass through the successive beds of the said series;
- (k) recovering the monoolefins from the last bed;
- (1) repeating the steps (h) to (k) till monoolefins of desired quality is obtained.

(Com - 19 Pages; Drwg. - 1 sheet).

Ind. Cl. : 63 F

181753

Int. Cl.: H 02 K 41/035.

"THE NEW COMMUTATORLESS D.C. MOTOR".

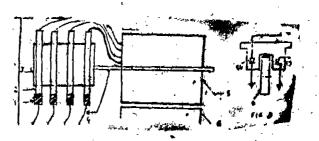
Applicant & Inventor: VINUSOMAN, PUSHPAK, ULLOOR, GARDENS, UG-68, ULLOOR MEDICAL COLLEGE, POST, TRIVANDRUM, KERALA, AN INDIAN NATIONAL.

Application No. 492/Mas/93 filed 19th July 1993.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Chennai Branch.

1 Claims

A d.c. commutatorless motor with precise electronic control comprises a special d.c. motor winding on the shaft which is a closed d.c. winding where e.m.fs in adjacent conductors are diverging and also where e.m.fs in adjacent conductors are meeting connected to the output of single phase invertors, also points in the winding which are shifted from the above points at a distance equal to 1/2 pole pitch measured in terms of slot incase of lap or wave winding are connected. to another single phase invertor to receive input power to four predetermined points in the said winding, a position transducer with sensor being mounted of the said d.c. motor shaft, a schmitt trigger connected to said position transducer, the said schmitt trigger shape the pulse received from the position transducer an amplifier and a signal conditioner being connected to schmitt trigger, the said trigger circuit having its input from the amplifier and signal conditioner and its output activating signle phase invertors, the control circuits energised from high or low voltage d.c. source, for triggering significancies of the said invertors so that any continued in the said trigger. of the d.c. motor shaft generates appropriate signals which the control circuit senses, shapes and generate control signals triggering power devices suitably to feed power to the rotor through brushes and slip rings of the d.c. motor so that voltages of same phase are applied to the armature winding for a rotation of rotor equal to 1/2 pole pitch measured in terms of slot from single phase invertors alternatively, and on completion of above rotation voltage with a phase difference of 135 to 225 (optimum 180) are applied to the windings for a rotation of 1/2 pole pitch measured in terms of slot in the same direction from single phase invertors alternatively, thus repeating the whole process so as to get full rotation of the rotor, the optimum degrees from reference position of the position transducer is + 4 II/ (No. of slots of armature to get maximum torque from the motor.



(Com. - 14 Pages;;

Drwg. - 1 sheet).

Ind. Cl.: 53-C

181754

Int. Cl.4: B 62 M 1/00

A SELF-PROPELLED ELEVATOR CAR,

Applicant! INVENTIO AG A SWISS COMPANY. OF SEESTRASSE 55 CH-6052 HERGISWIL SWITZERLAND.

Inventor: 1. WOLFGANG MULLER, GERMAN.

Application No. 682/Man/93 filed on 27th Sept., 1993.

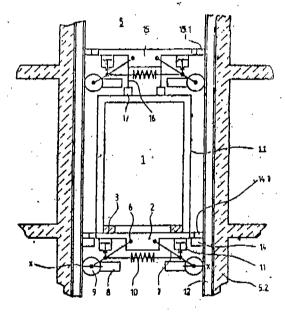
Appropriate Office for Caposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Chonnal Branch.

9 Claims

A self-propelled elevator car for vertical travel in a shaft has a vertically acting friction wheel drive having friction wheels which project laterally beyond the sides of the car and are pressed in an approximately horizontal direction against an associated running surface on a wall of the shaft by a force applying device, the force applying device comprising:

a carriage attached to an elevator car which car travels in a shaft and exerts a load-dependent passive gravitational force on said carriage; and

a guide arm having one end pivotally attached to said carriage and extending downwardly and outwardly to an opposite free end, said opposite free and being conjected to friction wheel for applying the load-dependent passive gravitational force as a passive contact pressure pressing the friction wheel against a wall of the shaft; said opposite free end being positioned closer to the wall of the shaft than said one end, said guide arm extending at a predetermined angle between a horizontal axis of the car and a straight line extending from a point at which said one end of said guide arm is pivotally mounted to a point of contact between the friction wheel and the wall of the shaft, said predetermined angle being selected to apply said passive contact pressure at a magnitude (Fn passive) sufficient to exceed a minimum necessary contact pressure magnitude (Fn min) during at least a portion of an operation of the elevator car in the elevator shaft.



(Com. 16 Pages;

Drwgs. 3 Sheets)

Ind. Cl. : $32-F_2(_{\rm b})$

181755

Int. Cl.4 : C 07 D 401/00

A PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF IMIDACLOPRID.

Applicant: RALLIS INDIA IMITED, (A PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956) AND HAVING ITS RESEARCH CENTRE AT RALLIS RESEARCH CENTRE. 21 & 22, PEENYAINDUSTRIAL AREA, PHASE-II, BANGALORE-560058, KARNATAKA, INDIA

Inventors :

- (1) DR. KANJIRAMPARA STVASANKARAN
- (2) DR. KOTHAPALLI SUMDARRAJA RAO
- (3) DR. KOTHLAPALI RAFESH RATNAM.

Application No. 74/Mas/94 dated February 8, 1994.

Complete Specification left: May 8, 1995.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Chemia Branch.

8 Claims

A process for the preparation of imidacloprid (I) as shown in the accompanying drawing sheets, which comprises of passing dry hydrogen chloride gas into a solution of ammonium thiocyanate in presence of organic solvents at a temperature range of -15 to 40°C to give 2.2-bis thiomethyl formimidine, as shown in the accompanying drawing sheets, followed by nitration of 2, 2-bisthiomethyl formimidine to give 2, 2-bisthiomethyl formimidine nitrate, which is then condensed with ethylene diamine in presence of reactived organic solvents to give 2-nitrimino-1, 3-dihydromimidazole (II) as shown in the accompanying drawing sheets, the intermediate 3-chloromethyl-6-chloropyridine (V) as shown in the accompanying drawing sheets is prepared by converting 6-chloro-pyridine-3-carboxylic acid to the corresponding acid chloride and then reduce in presence of a reduction catalyst and a base to give 6-chloro-3-hydroxymethyl pyridine, which is then converted to 3-chloromethyl-6-chloropyridine (V) is then condensed with 2-nitrimino-1, 3-dihydro imidazole (II) in presence of inorganic bases and ketonic solvents to give imidaclopride (I),

(Prov. 7 Pages; Com. 17 Pages; Drwgs. 3 Sheets)

Ind. Cl.: 32 F.2(a)

181756

Int. Cl. : C 07 C 87/00

A PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF PENDI-

Applicant: RALLIS INDIA LIMITED, (A PUBLIC COMPANY INCORPORATED UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956) AND HAVING ITS RESEARCH CENTRE AT, RALLIS AGROCHEMICAL RESEARCH STATION, 21 & 22, PEENYA INDUSTRIAL AREA, PHASE II, BANGALORE-560058, KARNATAKA, INDIA.

Inventors:

- (1) DR. K. SIVASANKARAN
- (2) DR. K. SUNDARRAJA RAO
- (3) DR. M. S. MITHYANTHA
- (4) MR. K. N. RAVI KUMAR.

Application and Provisional Specification No. 237/Mas/95 dated 28th February, 1995.

Complete specification left on 26th February, 1996.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Chennai Branch.

8 Claims

A process for the preparation of Pendimethalin (1) as shown in the accompanying drawing sheets in which 3, 4-vylidine is condensed with Diethylketone in presence of a solvent, catalyst, under a temperature range of 50-110 C, which would enable the azeotropic distillation of water to give Schiff base, which is then reduced using a reduction catalyst and a pressure of 6-15 kg/cm to give N (1-Ethylpropyl). 3, 4 dimethyl aniline, which is then nitrated in presence of chlorinated solvents to give a mixture of N-Nitroso, N-(1-Ethylpropyl) 3, 4 dimethyl 2, 6-dini-troaniline and N (1-Ethylpropyl) 3, 4 dimethyl 2, 6 dinitroaniline, this mixture is refluxed with concentrated hydrochloric acid and substituted sulphonic acid to give pendimethalin.

(Prov. 6 Pages Com. 9 Pages Drwgs. 2 Sheets)

Ind. Cl.: 32 F 2 (b)

181757

Int. Cl.: C 07 D - 487/00

A PROCESS FOR PREPARING DIASTEREOMERIC CAL-CIUM SALTS OF FOLINIC ACID

Applicant: BRACCO S.P.A. VIA E. FOLLI, 50, MILANO, ITALY, AN ITALIAN COMPANY.

Inventors :

- (1) ERNST FELDER
- (2) GIORGIO RIPA
- (3) CARLO DISTASO.

Application No. 686/Mas/95 filed on 67th June, 1995.

Appropriate Office for Opposition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office, Chennai Branch.

8 Claims

A continuous process for preparing pure [6S] and [6R] diasteromeric calcium salts of folinic acid comprising hydrolysing [6RS]-5, 10 methyenyl-5, 6, 7, 8-tetrahydrofoic acid chloride hydrochloride with at least a dibasic organic antine, selectively crystallising and separating the two diasterometric diamine salts [6S and 6R] from the mother liquor and converting [6S] and [6R] crystals thus separated into the corresponding calcium salts by treating the respective diamine salts with CaCl2 in a weight ration Cacl2/diamine salts ranging from 1 to 6, at a temperature from 0 to 35°C at a pH value of 6-7 to precipitate and isolate the respective [6S] and [6R] calcium folinates having an optical purity higher than 99%, treating the mother liquor obtained after separation of said calcium salts with a dipolar aprotic solvent or a polar protic solvent to precipitate unconverted diamino folinate diastereomer with an optical purity of higher than 99% for subsequent conversion to the corresponding calcium slats.

(Com. 24 Pages;

Diwgs. Nil Sheets)

Ind. Cl.: 11-C

181758

Int. Cl.4: A 01 K 39/01

A FEEDER APPARATUS FOR BIRDS OR ANIMALS.

Applicant: CTB, INC A CORPORATION OF THE STATE OF INDIANA, PO BOX 2000 STATE ROAD 15 NORTH, MILFORD, INDIANA 46542-2000 U.S.A.

Inventors:

- (1) THEODORE JOHN COLE
- (2) RAY SWARTZENDRUBER.

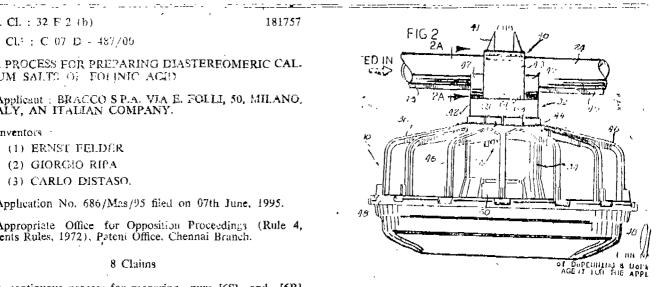
Application No. 730/Mas/95 filed on 16th June, 1995.

Divisional to Patent Application No. 6931M/91, Ante dated to 13th Sept. 1991.

Appropriate Office for Opnosition Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972) Patent Office, Chennai Branch.

4 Claims

A feeder apparatus comprising : a feeder tube; a feed pan for providing access to the feed having a circular perimeter of predetermined diameter; and a cone-like barrier having a central hijb portion and a series of spoke members having an inverted L-shaped profile and T-shaped cross-section extending between said central hub and a circular lower perimeter nortion having a dismesse similar to the diameter of said circular perimeter of said feed pan to define a rectangular area within the feeder apparatus.



(Com. 20 Pages;

Drwgs. 7 Sheets)

Ind. Cl.: 83 A 1

181759

Int. Cl. : A 23 L 1/00

A PROCESS FOR PREPARING AN EDIBLE SPREAD.

Applicant: NOVO JORDISK A/S, A DANISH JOINT-STOCK COMPANY, OF NOVO ALLE, 2880 BAGSVAFRD, DENMARK.

Inventor: (1) LARS PETER ADNERSEN.

Application No. 1247/Mas/95 filed on 26th September, 1995.

Appropriate Office for Oppositions Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office Branch, Chennai.

18 Claims

A process for preparing an edible spread, the said process comprising the following steps: (a) an aqqueous phase comprising protein(s) is treated with a transglutaminase and/or component C and/or variants thereof derived from Bacillus lecheniformis as herein described, (b) the pH of the said phase is adjusted to a range from 4.8 to 6.0 (dl) the said aqueous phase is tempored to a temperature between 30°C to 50°C (e) the said tempered aqueous phase is mixed with a known fat phase tempered to a temperature between 30°C and 50°C until an emulsion is formed, (C) the said emulsion is heated to a temperature between 60°C and 100°C, (d3) the said emulsion is tempered to a temperature between 30°C and 50°C and (f) the said emulsion is crystallised by known means to obtain an edible spread.

(Comp. Specn. 23 Pages

Drwg. Nil)

Ind. Cl. : 55-F & 40C

181760

Int. Cl.4: A 01 N 65/00

A PROCESS OF PREPARING STORAGES STABLE AQUEOUS AZADIRACHTIN CONTAINING AZADIRACH TIN A PREDOMINANT PESTICIDAL COMPOSITION.

Applicant: DALMIA CENTRE FOR BIOTFCHNOLOGY. STRUVANT MAIN ROAD. KATAMPALAYAM, COIMBATORE-641010, INDIA, AN INDIAN INSTITUTE.

Inventor: DR. PANCHAPAGESA MUTHUSWAMY MURALI.

Application No. 365/Mas/97 dated February 24, 1997.

Divisional to Patent Application No. 898/Mas/95; Ante-dated to July 17, 1995.

Appropriate Office for Oppositions Proceedings (Rule 4, Patents Rules, 1972), Patent Office,, Chennai Branch.

8 Claims

A process of preparing storage stable aqueous Azadirachtin containing Azadirachtin A, a predominant pesticidal composition comprising:

- diluting 50,000—100,000 ppm Azadirachtin with 25,000 to 50,000 Azadirachtin A weight/volume with ethanol water solvent in the ratio 100-70: 0-30 volume/volume to 2000-40000 ppm Azadirachtin containing 1000-20000 ppm of Azadirachtin A weight/volume,
- emulsifying the said diluted Azadirachtin with nonionic and non-toxic emulsifying agents as herein described in an amount ranging from 0.2 to 30% and neem oil 20-50% volume/volume,
- adjusting the pH of emulsified diluted Azadirachtin to 3.5 to 6.0 by adding alkali solution,
- adding 1-2.5% sunscreen like p. aminonbenzoic acid or its esters and 1-10% oleic acid volume/volume to create micro-emulsion for stabilising the composition with a good bio-efficacy.

Ref. cited:

- (1) Indian Patent Nos. 153415, 173449 and 173998.
- (2) U. S. Patent Nos. 4556562 and 5124349.

Agent: The Acme Company.

(Comp. 8 Pages)

CLAIM UNDER SECTION 20 (1) OF THE PATENTS ACT, 1970.

The Claim made by MANITOWOC CRANE GROUP, FNC. NEVADA, U.S.A. under section 20 (1) of the Patents Apr., 1970 to proceed the application for Patent No. 178492 (201/Mas/90) in their name has been allowed.

The Claim made by CLARIANT FINANCE (BVI) LIMIT-BD, BRITAIN VIRGIN ISLANDS under Section 20 (1) of the Patents Act, 1970 to proceed the application for Patent No. 179151 (732/Mas/98) in their name has been allowed.

RESTORATION PROCEEDINGS

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 166663 granted to The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company for an invention relating to "a process for making a self emulsifiable resin powder".

The patent ceased on the 9th July, 1997 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 5th September, 1998.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32 in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, Nizam Palace 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th & 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700020 on or before the 12-11-1998 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A Written

Statement, in triplicate setting out the nature of the opponents interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 167972 granted to The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company for an invention relating to "siloxane containing" network polymer".

The patent ceased on the 2nd July, 1997 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 5th September, 1998.

Any interested person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32 in duplicate, with Controller of Patents, The Patent Office, Nizam Palace 2nd M.S.O. Building, 5th, 6th & 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Iagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700020 on or before the 12-11-1998 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A Written Statement, in triplicate setting out the nature of the opponents interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

Notice is hereby given that an application for restoration of Patent No. 168099 dated the 18th Dec., 1986 made by John Richard Gumley on the 29th October, 1997 and notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2, dated 12th December, 1997 has been allowed and the said Patent restored.

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 172790 granted to The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company for an invention relating to "a pneumatic tire for heavy duty use".

The patent ceased on the 5th July, 1997 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 5th September, 1998.

Any interested person may give notice of oposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32 in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents. The Patent Office, Nizam Palance 2nd M. S.O. Building, 5th, 6th & 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcutta-700020 on or before the 12th November, 1998 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A Written Statement in triplicate setting out the nature of the opponents interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice, or within one month from the date of the notice.

Notice is hereby given that an application was made under Section 60 of the Patents Act, 1970 for the restoration of Patent No. 176325 granted to Hitachi Construction machinery Co. Ltd. for an invention relating to "hydraulic drive installation for civil engineering and construction machine".

The patent ceased on the 18th June, 1997 due to non-payment of renewal fees within the prescribed time and the cessation of the patent was notified in the Gazette of India, Part III, Section 2 dated the 5th September, 1998.

Any interested person may give notice of oposition to the restoration by leaving a notice on Form 32 in duplicate, with the Controller of Patents. The Patent Office, Nizam Palance 2nd M. S.O. Building, 5th, 6th & 7th Floor, 234/4, Acharya Jagadish Bose Road, Calcuta-700020 on or before the 12th November, 1998 under Rule 69 of the Patents Rules, 1972. A Written Statement in triplicate setting out the nature of the opponents interest, the facts upon which he bases his case and the relief he seeks, shall be filed with the notice or within one month from the date of the notice.

LIST OF CESSATION

166882 166922 166929 166966 167030 167036 167038 167051 167092 167106 167137 167147 167150 167165 167178 167180 167184 167195 167222 167253 167263 167327 167350 167351 167352 167373 167445 167451 167458 169830

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PATENT SEALED ON 14-08-98

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CAL-10. DEL-NIL, MUM-NIL, CHEN-33.

*Patent shall be deemed to be endorsed with words LICENCE OF RIGHT Under Section 87 o the Patents Act, 1970 from the date of expiration of three years from the date of sealing.

D-Drug Patents.

F-Food Patents.

REGISTRATION OF DESIGNS

The following designs have been registered. They are not open to inspection for a period of two years from the date of registration except as provided for in Section 50 of the Designs Act, 1911.

The date shown in the each entries is the date of the registration included in the entries.

- Class 3. No. 174338, Astra Aktiebolag, a Swedish company of S 151 85, Sodertalle, Sweden, "FLUID CONTAINER", 22nd July 1997.
- Class 3. No. 174363, Dart Industries Inc., a corporation founded under the laws of Delaware, U.S.A of 14901 South Grange Bloosom Trail, Orlando, Florida 32837, U.S.A., "LUNCH BOX", 23rd/July 1997.
- Class 3. No. 174364, Dart Industries Inc., a combination founded under the laws of Delaware, U.S.A. of 14901 South Orange Bloosom Trail, Orlando, Florida 32837, U.S.A., "CONTAINER SET", 23rd July 1997.
- Class 3. No. 174365, Dart Industries Inc., a corporation founded under the laws of Delaware, U.S.A. of 14901 South Orange Bloosom Trail, Orlando, Florida 32837, U.S.A., "BREAD BOX", 23rd July 1997.
- Class 3. No. 174366, Dart Industries Inc., a corporation founded under the laws of Delaware, USA. of 14901 South Orange Bloosom Trail, Orlando-Florida 32837, U.S.A., "HANDLE FOR CONTAINER", 23rd July 1997.
- Class 3. No. 174367, Dart Industries Inc., a corporation founded under the laws of Delaware, U.S.A. of 14901 South Orange Bloosom Trail, Orlando, Florida 32837, U.S.A., "CONTAINER WITH HANDLE", 23rd July 1997.
- Class 3. No. 174379, Sanjeev Khosla and Aarti Khosla, both Indians who are pattners of Sanarti International of S 158, Greater Kailash Part II, New Delbi-110 048, India, "FI ASHING TAIL LAMP", 24th July 1997.
- Class 3. No. 174399, Renolds, a Societe Anonyme organised under the laws of France, of Chemin Den Huguenots, 2600, Valence, France, "FOUNTAIN PEN", 28th July 1997.
- Class 3. Nos. 174390 & 174391, Ashok Kumar Chadha & Smt. Sarla Rani, of B. R. Polymers, an Indian partnership concern, C 30, Man Sarover Garden, New Delhi-110 015, India, both Indian nationals of above address, "FLASK", 25th July 1997.

- Class 3. No. 174394, Anchor Health & Beauty Care Pvt. Ltd., C-8, St. No. 22, MLDC, Marol, Andheri (E), Mumbai-400 093, Maharashtra, India, TOOTH BRUSH", 28th July 1997.
- Class 3. No. 174320, Parle Fruits & Foods Pvt. Ltd., having its regd office at Western Express Highway, Andheri (E), Bombay-400 099, Maharashtra, India "JAR", 17th July 1997.
- Cless 4. No. 174321, Parle Fruits & Foods Pvt. Ltd., having its regd. office at Western Express Highway, Andheri (E), Bombay-400 099, Maharashtra, India. "JAR", 17th July 1997.
- Class 4, No. 174400, Mulder (India) Pvt. Ltd. of 12, Race Cource Road, Madhavanagar, Bangalore-560 001, Karnataka, India, "TILE", 28th July 1997.
- *Cluss 4. No. 174322, The Indo-Asahi Glass Co. Ltd., Regd. & H.O. 3, Hungerford Street, Calcutta-700 017, West Bengal, India, an Indian company, "FIGURED GLASS", 17h July 1997.
- Class 5. Nos. 174318 & 174319, Acqua Minerals Ltd., an Indian company having its registered office at 101, GIDC Industrial Area, Vatva, Ahmedabad 382446, Gujarat, India, "GLASS", 17th July 1997.
- *Class 10. No. 174309, Alfa Exporters & Fabricators (F) Ltd., of 8B/7A, Dev Nagur By pass Road, Agra, Uttar Pradesh, India, "SOLE FOR FOOTWEAR", 15th July 1997.
- Class 10. No. 174358, Anka Shoe Exports, N-178, Panchshila Park, New Delhi-110017, India, an Indian proprietorship concern, "FOOTWEAR", 23rd July 1997.
- Class 16. No. 174386, Welcome Shoes Pvt. Ltd., of H 24, Udyog Nagar, Industrial Area, Delhi-110041, Delhi State, India, "FOOTWEAR", 24th July 1997
- Clase 11. No. 174389, Davinder Pal Gaba, trading as Mark Hesiery Mills, an Indian proprietory concern, B-32/741/1A, Bahadur-Ke-Road, Behind Dana Mandi, G. T. Road (W), Ludhiana-141 008, Pb., India, an Indian national of the above address, "BRIEF", 25th July 1997.

Class 12. No. 174342, Trend Setters, an Indian company, a partnership firm whose partners are Mr. Sudiur Sekhri & Mrs. Kamla Ail Das, of A. 24, Mangolpuri Industrial Area, Phase II, Delhi-110 034, India, both Indian nationals, "SOCKS WITH POCKET", 22nd July 1997.

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170318, 170317, 166499, 173161, 169367, 169196, 169194, 169197, 169195, 159793, 158958, 158551, 158757, 159880, 171303, 159842, 159874, 169564, 168411, 165795, 164675, 169389, 164642, 164770, 169865, 170523, 168321, 167694, 165512, 164604—Class : 1.

166002, 169672, 173130, 170358, 165134, 170782, 166488, 167515, 173244, 169135, 173562, 169366, 173678, 173594, 173551, 173554, 174031, 174032, 174028, 173464, 174029, 174030, 173557, 165752, 163131, 163134, 163208, 161725, 158464, 156979, 172236, 172235, 171590, 171263, 168830, 174350, 174349, 169881, 169884, 169080, 169010, 157348, 158201, 168505, 166129, 160414, 159246, 163551, 168030, 164982, 170792, 173153, 171841, 172711, 165756, 166523, 165950, 165197, 170608, 165947, 165591, 173232—Class: 3.

H. D. THAKUR
Controller General of Patent, Design &
Trade Marks